
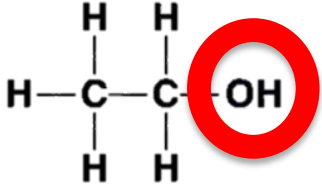
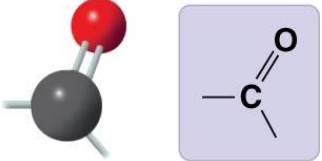

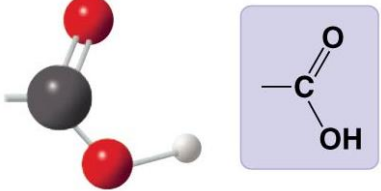
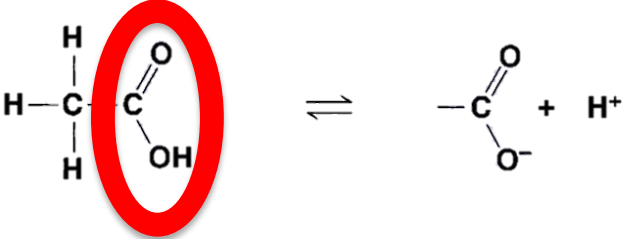
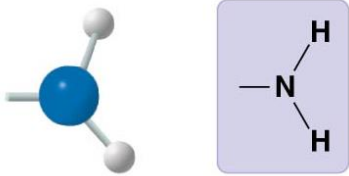
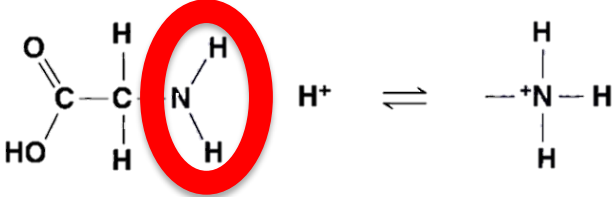


Name: _____

Date: _____

Functional Groups Worksheet

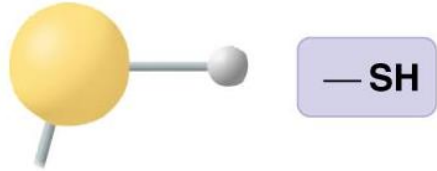
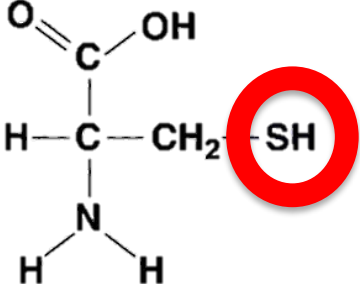
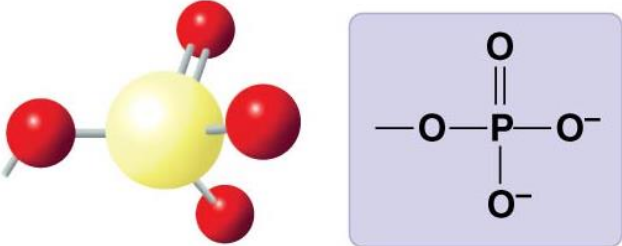
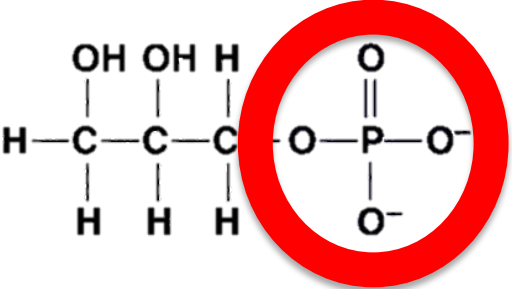
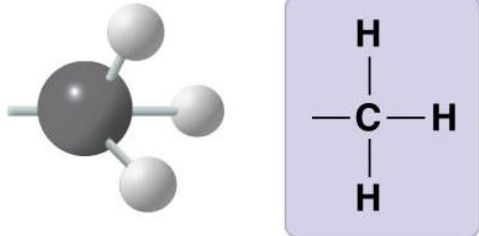
Relatively small, familiar clusters of atoms often determine the characteristics of larger biomolecules. These mini-molecules are known as **functional groups** and are useful chemical “vocabulary words” toward learning the language of biochemistry.

Name of Functional Group	Properties Imparted to Molecule	Circle the Functional Group
 <p data-bbox="323 553 562 586">Hydroxide Group</p>	<p data-bbox="825 451 1094 553">Polar Increases solubility <i>Alcohol</i></p>	
 <p data-bbox="333 824 550 857">Carbonyl Group</p>	<p data-bbox="842 711 1077 781">Polar <i>Ketone/aldehyde</i></p>	
 <p data-bbox="333 1073 550 1105">Carboxyl Group</p>	<p data-bbox="800 938 1119 1073">Polar Acts as an acid <i>Carboxylic acid/organic acid</i></p>	
 <p data-bbox="348 1354 533 1386">Amino Group</p>	<p data-bbox="863 1235 1052 1338">Polar Acts as a base <i>Amine</i></p>	

Name: _____

Date: _____

Functional Groups Worksheet

Name of Functional Group	Properties Imparted to Molecule	Circle the Functional Group
 <p>Sulphydryl Group</p>	<p>Weakly polar Linkages (especially in hair, proteins) <i>Thiol</i></p>	
 <p>Phosphate Group</p>	<p>Polar 1- or 2- charge <i>Organic Phosphate</i></p>	
 <p>Methyl Group</p>	<p>Unreactive Deactivation <i>Methylated compound</i></p>	