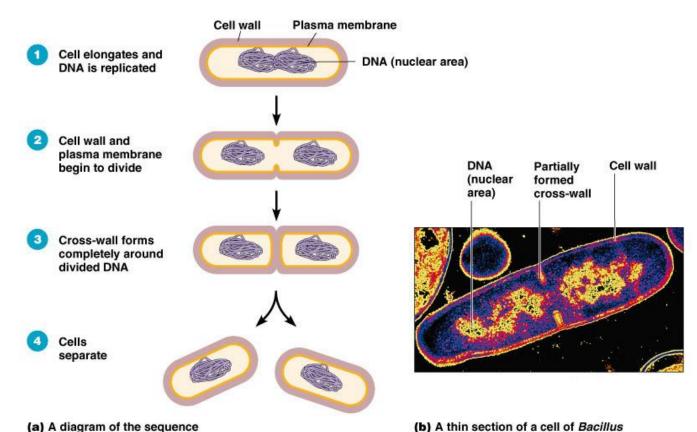
## **Chapter 8: Cell reproduction**

## Prokaryotic cell division

## Purpose: reproduce



(a) A diagram of the sequence of cell division.

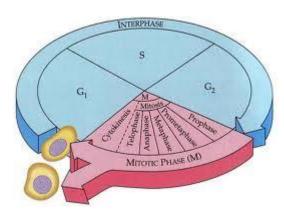
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# **Eukaryotic Cell Division**

# Why do cells divide?

- Growth
- Replace
- Repair

# Cell Cycle



# Interphase

G1 (Gap 1) Phase Growth and synthesis of new organelle S Phase - Synthesis of DNA G2 Phase - preparation for cell division

licheniformis starting to divide.

#### **Mitosis**

**Prophase** - chromatin condenses to form chromosomes; centromeres divide and migrate to the poles; spindle forms; nuclear membrane breaks down

Metaphase - chromosomes line up along the equator

Anaphase - chromatids separate and migrate to the poles

**Telophase** - nuclear membranes form at each pole around th chromatid; spindle disappears; cytokinesis begins.

cytokinesis

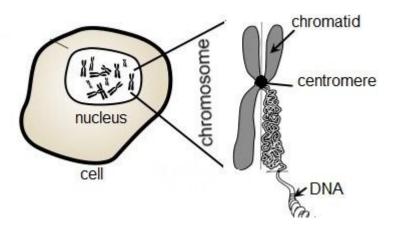
G1 Checkpoint - Check to see if DNA is damaged

G2 Checkpoint - Check to see if DNA is replicated properly

M Checkpoint - spindle assembly checkpoint, check for alignment of chromosomes

Apoptosis - programmed cell death, if any of the checks fail

#### Structure of a Chromosome

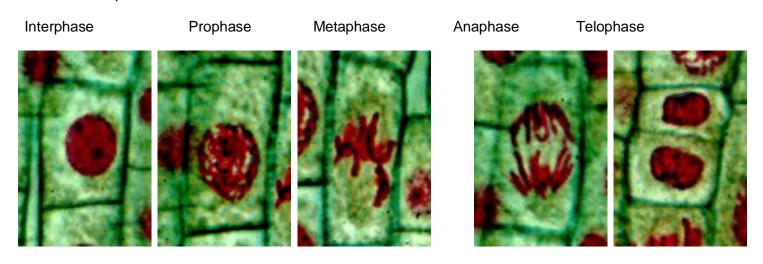


We have 23 pairs of chromosomes. 22 pairs are autosomes and 23<sup>rd</sup> pair is sex chromosome.

Mitosis = ASEXUAL reproduction (production of somatic cells)

- Exact replication of cells (there is the SAME amount of DNA in parent and daughter cells)
- Cell division used for growth
- Cancer is uncontrolled mitosis

#### Onion Root Tip Mitosis -- Review

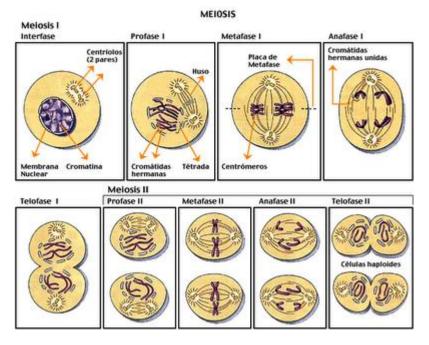


Meiosis = SEXUAL reproduction (production of gametes)

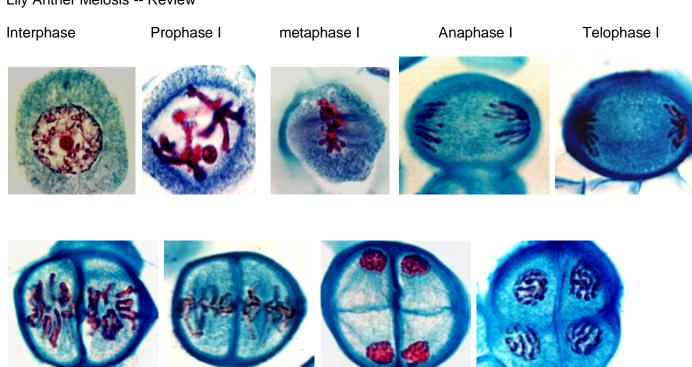
- Special male and female cells are produced (in plants- pollen and egg cells; in animals sperm and egg cells)
- Only HALF the genetic material in each cell so when the nuclei of a sperm and egg have normal amount of DNA

Why is asexual reproduction important?

Why is sexual reproduction important?



Lily Anther Meiosis -- Review



Stem Cell Research

Cancer Cell Research